

# 3 Important Reasons For Adults to Get Vaccinated

You may not realize that you need vaccines throughout your adult life. Vaccines are still important to your health and here are just three reasons why.

## 1. You may be at risk for serious diseases that are still common in the U.S.

Each year thousands of adults in the United States suffer serious health problems from diseases that could be prevented by vaccines — some people are hospitalized, and some even die. Even if you were fully vaccinated as a child, the protection from some vaccines you received can wear off over time and you may also be at risk for other diseases due to your job, lifestyle, travel, or health conditions.

## 2. You can protect your health and the health of those around you by getting the recommended vaccines.

### Vaccines reduce your chance of getting sick.

Vaccines work with your body's natural defense to reduce the chances of getting certain diseases as well as suffering complications from these diseases.

### Vaccines reduce your chance of spreading certain diseases.

There are many things you want to pass on to your loved ones; a vaccine preventable disease is not one of them. Infants, older adults, and people with weakened immune systems (like those undergoing cancer treatment) are especially vulnerable to vaccine preventable diseases.

## 3. You can't afford to risk getting sick.

Even healthy people can get sick enough to miss work or school. If you're sick, you may not be able to take care of your family and other obligations. Being vaccinated is your best protection against many serious diseases.

### Getting vaccinated as an adult is easier than you think.

- Adults can get vaccines at doctors' offices, pharmacies, workplaces, community health clinics, and health departments. To find a vaccine provider near you, go to [vaccine.healthmap.org](http://vaccine.healthmap.org).
- Most health insurance plans cover the cost of recommended vaccines. Check with your insurance provider for details and for a list of vaccine providers. Since 2010, all private health plans are required to cover all immunizations recommended on the Immunization Schedule for adults. As long as you receive your vaccines from an in-network provider you should not be asked for a copay. If you do not have health insurance, visit [www.healthcare.gov](http://www.healthcare.gov) to learn more about health coverage options.

### Vaccines are safe.

- **Vaccines are tested and monitored.** Vaccines are tested before being licensed by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA). The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and FDA continue to monitor vaccines after they are licensed.
- **Vaccine side effects are usually mild and temporary.** The most common side effects include soreness, redness, or swelling at the injection site. Severe side effects are very rare.
- **Vaccines are one of the safest ways to protect your health.** Most people, even those with health conditions or taking prescription drugs, should be vaccinated. However, if you are pregnant or have a weakened immune system, talk with your healthcare professional before being vaccinated, as some vaccines may not be recommended for you.



## What vaccines do you need?

All adults should get:

- Flu vaccine every year to protect against seasonal flu
- Td/Tdap to protect against tetanus, diphtheria, and pertussis (whooping cough)

Based on your age, health conditions, vaccines you received as a child, and other factors, you may need additional vaccines such as:

- Chickenpox
- Hepatitis A
- Hepatitis B
- Human Papillomavirus (HPV)
- MMR
- Meningococcal
- Pneumococcal
- Shingles

Traveling overseas? There may be additional vaccines you need. Find out at: [www.cdc.gov/travel](http://www.cdc.gov/travel)

# DON'T WAIT. VACCINATE!



U.S. Department of  
Health and Human Services  
Centers for Disease  
Control and Prevention

Some diseases that can be prevented by vaccines:

Diseases and the vaccines that help prevent them	How the disease can affect you
<b>Influenza “Flu”</b> Seasonal flu vaccine	Fever or feeling feverish/chills, cough, headache, runny or stuffy nose, sore throat, muscle or body aches, and fatigue (very tired), and some people may have vomiting and diarrhea, though this is more common in children than adults. <b>Complications:</b> Pneumonia (infection in the lungs), worsening of chronic health conditions, hospitalization, possibly resulting in disability, or even death
<b>Hepatitis A</b> Hep A vaccine	Fever, tiredness, stomach pain, loss of appetite, vomiting, jaundice (yellowing of skin and eyes), and dark urine; however, there may be no symptoms. <b>Complications:</b> Liver failure; arthralgia (joint pain); and kidney, pancreatic, and blood disorders
<b>Hepatitis B</b> Hep B vaccine	Flu-like illness with loss of appetite, fever, tiredness, weakness, nausea, vomiting, jaundice, and joint pain; however, there may be no symptoms. <b>Complications:</b> Chronic liver infection, liver failure, and liver cancer
<b>Human Papillomavirus (HPV)</b> HPV vaccine	Frequently, there are no symptoms for years until cancer appears. <b>Complications:</b> Cervical cancer in women, anal cancer, and genital warts in both women and men
<b>Measles</b> MMR	Fever, runny nose, cough and a rash all over the body. <b>Complications:</b> Ear infection, pneumonia, encephalitis, or even death
<b>Meningococcal Disease</b> Meningococcal vaccine	Nausea, vomiting, stiff neck, fever, headache, increased sensitivity to light, confusion, tiredness, and rash. <b>Complications:</b> Brain damage, loss of arms or legs, loss of hearing, seizures, strokes, or even death
<b>Pneumococcal Disease</b> Pneumococcal vaccine	Fever, chills, difficulty breathing, chest pain, stiff neck, earache, increased sensitivity to light, and cough. <b>Complications:</b> Infections of the lung, middle ear, or sinuses, heart problems, brain damage, loss of hearing, loss of arms or legs, or even death
<b>Shingles</b> Zoster vaccine	Painful rash on one side of the face or body, which blisters and then typically scabs, headache, fever, chills, and upset stomach. <b>Complications:</b> Severe pain that can last for months or years after the rash goes away, pneumonia, loss of eyesight and hearing, or even death
<b>Tetanus</b> Td/Tdap vaccine	Serious, painful spasms and stiffness of all muscles, lockjaw (difficulty opening mouth), difficulty swallowing or breathing, muscle spasms, and fever. <b>Complications:</b> Broken bones, breathing difficulty, or even death
<b>Whooping Cough (Pertussis)</b> Tdap vaccine	Prolonged cold symptoms (cough and runny nose) leading to violent coughing or choking making it hard to breathe, drink, or eat. <b>Complications:</b> Rib fractures, pneumonia, or even death

For a full list of all diseases that can be prevented by vaccines, visit: [www.cdc.gov/vaccines/vpd-vac](http://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/vpd-vac)

**DON'T WAIT. VACCINATE!**

Talk with your healthcare professional to make sure you are up-to-date with the vaccines recommended for you.

For more information on vaccines or to take an adult vaccine quiz to find out which vaccines you might need, go to [www.cdc.gov/vaccines/adults](http://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/adults).

